

## Cell Objectives

Define these key terms:

prokaryote    eukaryote    cell    organelle    virus    nucleus    nuclear membrane  
nucleolus    ribosome    mitochondria    lysosome    rough endoplasmic reticulum  
smooth endoplasmic reticulum    cell membrane    cytoplasm    cytoskeleton  
golgi body (complex)    contractile vacuole    food vacuole    centrioles    chloroplast  
cell wall

- List the three cell theories stated about cells.
- Describe the contributions of the six scientists that have developed the cell theory.
- Name 2 basic cell types.
- Label an animal and plant cell.
- State one difference between viruses and body cells.
- Distinguish between prokaryotic & eukaryotic cells.
- Describe the function of the nucleus.
- Describe the structures and functions of the major cell organelles.
- State the organelles found only in the plant cell.
- State the organelles found only in the animal cell.
- Explain the difference between a plant vacuole and an animal vacuole.
- Identify the main roles of the cytoskeleton.
- Name two organelles other than the nucleus that can undergo replication or duplication.
- Identify relationships for cell organelles and abstract ideas through creative concepts.
- Describe how two organelles work together to survive and maintain homeostasis.
- Describe the chemical process that occurs in the following organelles: mitochondria, chloroplast, nucleus, nucleolus, ribosome, rough endoplasmic reticulum, and the smooth endoplasmic reticulum.
- Name an organelle and a system in the human body that performs a similar function.